Prosecco

Spumante Brut - Gold Label "Vibes"

A Brief History

Prosecco became the icon of the Italian aperitif thanks to the innovative production method invented by Federico Martinotti in 1895 (perfected by Charmat in 1907) and subsequently by the ingenuity of Venetian businessmen. There are many advantages to this method, which involves referementation not in bottles but in a stainless-steel container called an autoclave. In the 1980s, producers from Treviso introduced the aperitif as a new way of drinking wine, highlighting the fresh and versatile characteristics of Prosecco. This trend contributed to the creation of the largest Denominazione di Origine Controllata in the world

The San Polo estate, now Giol, made a name for itself as early as 1895 by distributing Prosecco vines (Glera) throughout Europe in the 'international vine' category, demonstrating a far-sighted vision that anticipated the international success of Prosecco.

This farsighted vision contributed to the success that Prosecco would later achieve. We are proud to be not only one of the most historic producers in the world, but also one of the first to embrace the world of Prosecco.

Characteristics

Distinctly elegant and well-balanced, Prosecco Spumante Brut is pale straw yellow in the glass and crystal-clear thanks to the fine, persistent bead.

The nose is fruity with pronounced notes of apple, peach and white-fleshed fruit, but floral too with hints of white blossoms like acacia and wisteria.

On the palate it is dry, bold, well-balanced and harmonious, highlighting all the vinous notes of the grape variety used, with delicate notes of tropical fruit completing the wine's bouquet.

Versatile in terms of pairing, it goes well with hors d'oeuvres and appetizers, cheese and vegetables, but also with seafood starters, for example. Serve at a temperature of $8-10^{\circ}$ C.

Profile Contents

grape varieties appellation Denominazione di Origine Controllata Treviso year of planting soil vine spacing pruning yield/hectare alcohol content residual sugar acidity 5.50 g/l

Vinification

Mechanical harvest at optimum technological ripeness, crushing-destemming, pressing, cold settling and addition of cultured yeasts. Controlled cold fermentation at 14°C. Fermentation is followed by racking, light clarification to stabilise the proteins and subsequent filtration. Bottling is performed after second fermentation in steel pressure tanks (autoclaves), where the internal pressure increases for a month to around 5 atm until fermentation is complete. The wine is then clarified before final filtration.



ph 3.30 pressure 5 bar

> fine wines since 1427 only organic wines since 1987 only vegetarian and vegan wines since 2007 no added sulphites wines since 2009 resistant varieties since 2015

experience matters







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